

THE WEATHER

Fair, cooler Tonight.
Tuesday Fair

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS

Silver	73 5-8
Copper	31-35
Lead	9.75
Quicksilver	\$125

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TONOPAH, NEVADA, MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 9, 1917

PRICE 10 CENTS

AUSTRIA SEVERES RELATIONS

Recalls Washington Charge and Gives Passports From Vienna

SPRING DRIVE BEGINS
GERMAN LINES FORCED
IN EVERY DIRECTION

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, April 9.—The British have penetrated the German lines along a wide front from Arras to Lens. Toward Cambrai, the British stormed the villages of Hermies and Boursies and penetrated Havrincourt Wood. In the direction of St. Quentin they took Fresnoy Le Petit and advanced south of Keveguir. A considerable number of prisoners were taken.

It is believed the general spring offensive has started. The drive has been looked forward to eagerly for some days. General Page, whose reports always are the mildest, says the German line has been penetrated everywhere and satisfactory progress has been made in the direction of Cambrai and St. Quentin, two important positions.

NO STRIKES IN WAR
AGREED BY UNIONS

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—No strikes or labor disputes of any kind during the war, is the program of the labor committee of the council of national defense's advisory committee, headed by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

In a report unanimously adopted by the council and committee made public last night, the committee declares the defense and safety of the nation must be the first consideration

CONGRESS TAKES
UP WAR LOAN

JOINT ACTION PRELIMINARY TO
AUTHORIZING A BILLION
DOLLAR LOAN

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—A joint resolution for the Congressional "joint committee on conduct of the war," was introduced simultaneously by Senator Weeks, of Massachusetts, and Representative Madden, of Illinois, both Republicans. Early action on the administration war program was forecast on the assembling of Congress today.

Opposition both to issuing a billion dollar bond issue and raising a big army is expected, but this not expected to seriously threaten the passage.

AMERICAN BIRDMEN
GIVEN THEIR FLAG

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, April 9.—The placing of the Lafayette flying corps under the American flag to symbolize the entry of the United States in the war has been discussed for several days. The Figaro now says the stars and stripes are flying over the headquarters of the squadron which is composed largely of American aviators.

STAKING EVERYTHING
ON THE SUBMARINES

LAST GREAT PLAY OF THE WAR
BY THE KAISER'S
ADVISERS

(By Associated Press.)
AMSTERDAM, April 9.—The Chemnitz Socialist paper "Volkstimme," frankly admits that if the unrestricted submarine war should prove a failure, Germany is lost.

"We all know this on the day unrestricted submarine war was announced," adds the paper.

German Editor Deplores Act
of War as the Knell of Defeat

(By Associated Press.)
AMSTERDAM, April 9.—The Rheinische Westfäliche Gazette, of Essen, puts three questions to the leading German manufacturers regarding America's entrance into the war.

First: whether submarine warfare has been bought too dearly at the price of war with America?

Second: what will be the economic consequence;

Third: is it possible to make Germany economically independent of America?

Councillor Dr. Beulenberg, of Dortmund, answered the first negatively, saying "our early reluctance to use submarines was due to deference to America, which never attempted to help us in our distress caused by England's starvation blockade."

Regarding the second, he says

after the war America will not want to cut off the German customer and it "would harm us grievously if America later refused us a large loan to help us over our difficulties."

Answering the third: "Germany cannot become wholly independent in the case of cotton, and it would take decades to meet our needs from Asia Minor colonies."

FIFTY PER CENT FIRST YEAR'S
WAR DEBT RAISED BY TAXES

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—President Wilson's policy, outlined in his address to Congress of paying America's war bill, so far as possible, while the war is being waged, leaving a limited debt to posterity, was reflected in a virtual decision by leaders in the house and senate to raise 50 per cent of the first year's expenses by taxation.

Under his program Congress will be called upon to raise war revenue of \$1,750,000,000 through new and

increased taxation during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918. This is exclusive of the \$5,000,000,000 bond issue, authorization for which will be sought this week. The total demand upon the financial resources of the country during the first year of war, under this program, would be \$6,750,000,000.

Of the bond issue \$3,000,000,000 it was definitely stated tonight, would be loaned to the entente allies. The entire issue will bear interest of 3 1/2 per cent. It is proposed to

make the loan to the allies at this interest rate, which is lower by far than the rate on their previous issues.

The remaining \$2,000,000,000 will be applied, as necessary, on the cost of military and naval establishments and other expenses of the United States. Indications are, with the new revenue measures in effect, the full amount of \$2,000,000,000 will not be entirely exhausted at the end of the first year.

AMERICAN STEAMER
VICTIM OF SUBMARINE

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—The American steamer Seaward is reported torpedoed and sunk without warning by a German submarine in the Mediterranean. The crew was saved.

WILSON REPLIES
TO KING GEORGE

ACCEPTS ROYAL MESSAGE AS A
PROOF OF COMMUNITY
SENTIMENT

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, April 9.—The president replied to King George's message of congratulation. "Your eloquent message comes to me at this critical moment of our national life as a proof of the community of sentiment among the free people of the world, now striving to defend their ideals, maintain the blessing of national independence and uphold the rights of humanity. In the name of the American people and government, to which they look for guidance, I thank you for your inspiring words."

TURN OUT FOR BIG PATRIOTIC
PARADE 6:40 WEDNESDAY EVENING

Tonopah is to have a patriotic parade Wednesday evening. Every body should be in line. Men, women and children are expected and provision will be made for their accommodation. This is the first demonstration of the loyalty and strength of the camp and there should not be any backsliders. The parade will form at Florence avenue and Main street and march to the railroad station and then return.

The Tonopah military band has generously volunteered the services of the entire membership, conditional only on the parade starting at 6:40 so they may be able to take their

regular positions at the theaters at 7 o'clock. A few citizens have subscribed liberally to a fund to cover flag expenses. Flags will be furnished every child in the city. Marshals will be named and the details completed tomorrow night.

James R. Robertson, the broker, bought all the lapel flags that are to be found in Nevada. Having commissioned Steve Pavlovich, of the Mixpah Buffet in Reno to buy all in that town. Only 250 could be found and then another order was wired San Francisco, so there will be plenty of flags for all who turn out.

Women and children are especially

AUSTRIAN STEAMSHIP
SEIZED BY THE U. S.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, April 9.—The Austrian steamships Martha, Washington and Himalaya, self detained here, were seized by customs officials today. The steamer Budapest was seized at Newport News.

THIRD REPORT FAILS TO ESTABLISH
PRESENCE OF AN
ENEMY SHIP

(By Associated Press.)
BOSTON, April 9.—A suspicious vessel off Nantucket Lightship was reported to the Boston navy yard by a British vessel Sunday. The message said: "Sight suspicious vessel or object 45 miles south, six degrees west from Nantucket light vessel at 3:15 p. m. (Signed) British vessel."

Later the position of the mysterious vessel was given as latitude 40.15 north, longitude 69.28 west, almost due south from the shoals. The report of a mysterious craft in the steamship lane to Europe was the second to be announced officially within 24 hours. Yesterday the lightship sent word of a "commerce raider" of 10,000 tons burden passing west. Whether the craft sighted Sunday was the same one naval officials declined to state.

Nantucket Shoals are only 85 miles east of the naval base at Newport. There were reports from widely

AMERICAN CONSULATE
OFFICERS TURN OVER
AFFAIRS TO SPAIN

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—Baron Erich Zwiadinek, charge d'affaires of the Austro-Hungarian embassy, demanded his passports today. By this act Austria-Hungary breaks off diplomatic relations with the United States. Almost at the same time a dispatch from American Minister Stovall, at Berne, announced that relations were broken by Austria at Vienna April 8th, the day after Ambassador Penfield left. All American consular officers and diplomats will be withdrawn and Spain will take over the interests of the United States in Austria. All Austrian consular officers and diplomats will be withdrawn from the United States.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—The safe arrival of Ambassador Penfield and wife at Zurich, with three members of the embassy staff is reported by the state department. Mr. Penfield had left on a trip to Washington, expecting to be gone three months.

Austria has asked Sweden to take over her interests in the United States. The Austrian break is undoubtedly a prelude to a declaration of a state of war, but there may not be warlike operations between the two governments unless Germany should force it.

PEACE TALK MORE PROMINENT
THAN WILSON'S WAR MESSAGE

(By Associated Press.)
COPENHAGEN, April 9.—Talk of peace as reflected in the German newspapers is indefinite and uncertain, although rumors of impending developments on this line appear to attract more attention in Germany and Austria than America's entry into the war. Premier Tissa, of Hungary, in an Easter article in a Budapest weekly, writes that he thinks he sees signs of the dawn of peace on the eastern horizon, though possibly wider conflagrations may flame up.

"The fortress walls of our enemies are beginning to show cracks," he writes. "The events in Russia portend similar developments elsewhere."

Evidently the premier had Italy in mind. The goal of the central powers, the article continues, is a permanent peace for all mankind. The premier expresses the hope that these nations are about to receive the reward for their struggles.

Count von Reventlow, of the Tages Zeitung, is apprehensive that if peace comes it will not bring all that ardent German annexationists crave. Only a peace founded on complete victory, he declares, can save the monarchical system of Germany, destruction of which is the obvious aim of the entente and President Wilson.

The Vorwarts is happy in the belief that reform of the Prussian franchise will be undertaken during the war. It calls attention to Austria-Hungary with a scathing arraignment of conditions in one country ruled without parliamentary institutions during the war.

The Vorwarts also criticizes sharply the German nationalist party, saying it is attempting without parliamentary assent to assure maintenance of dominion over non-German races.

SUPREME COURT
ACTS ON PATENTS
OF IMPORTANCE

LIMITED LICENSES ARE DECLARED
INVALID AND WAGE
LAW UPHOLD

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9.—The supreme court today decided that the "limited licenses" plan under which the Victor talking machines are distributed, and also many other products, is unlawful.

In a patent infringement suit of the Motion Picture Patent company against the Universal Manufacturing company, it was held that restrictions of the patents company on the use of competitors' films in its projecting machines were invalid.

The court upheld the Oregon law limiting the labor of mill and factory men to ten hours a day, but permitting 13 if paid time and a half overtime. The court also upheld the Oregon law fixing the minimum for women, the first compulsory wage statute ever before the supreme court, which was equally divided. The California, Washington and other states' compulsory laws likewise were sustained.

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT BURNS, of Lucky Boy, are visitors at the home of Mrs. Burns' mother, Mrs. E. A. Timlin.

FORECAST FOR THE WEEK

Beginning Sunday, April 8, 1917. Rocky Mountain and plateau regions, except for local rains in the beginning of the week over the northern portions, the weather will be generally fair with temperature above the seasonal average.

E. H. BOWIE, Forecaster.

DEATH OF LUMBER MAN

(By Associated Press.)
SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 9.—W. P. Knox, a well-known lumber man, died suddenly of heart trouble.

BUTLER
THEATRE

TONIGHT

QUALITY FEATURES TODAY
PRETTY ANITA STEWART

—in—
THE MORE EXCELLENT
WAY

Also first run of HEARST-PATHE NEWS, with all the very latest happenings. A real up-to-date weekly.

TOMORROW

Owen Moore and Marguerite Courtot in "The Kiss." Also Ford weekly.

Matinee 1:30. Night 7 and 9:30.

Admission 10c-15c